Unraveling the Factors that Contribute to Successful Place Marketing: A Comprehensive Analysis of Place Marketing Practices in Bangladesh

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Abstract:- Place marketing is a crucial factor in attracting investments, tourism, and business opportunities in any country. In Bangladesh, place marketing has been given limited attention in the past, which has resulted in a lack of investment and tourism opportunities. The objective of this study is to identify the success factors of place marketing in Bangladesh by examining the current place marketing practices. This research adopted a mixed-methods approach, combining qualitative and quantitative data collection methods. The study found that the key success factors of place marketing in Bangladesh are branding, developing a positive image, improving infrastructure, engaging with the community, and leveraging digital platforms. These findings have important implications for policymakers and marketers in Bangladesh and other developing countries.

Keywords:- Place Marketing, Bangladesh, Success Factors, Branding, Infrastructure, Community Engagement, Digital Platforms, Marketing.

I. INTRODUCTION

Place marketing is the process of creating a positive image and promoting the economic, social, and cultural aspects of a place to attract investment, tourism, and business opportunities. The practice of place marketing has gained importance in recent years, as it has become an essential tool for countries to compete for investments and tourism. The concept of place marketing is not new, and it has been widely used in developed countries such as the United States, the United Kingdom, and Australia. However, in developing countries, including Bangladesh, the practice of place marketing has been given limited attention, resulting in a lack of investment and tourism opportunities. Bangladesh is a developing country with a population of over 160 million people, and it is one of the fastest-growing economies in the world. The country has enormous potential in various sectors, including agriculture, textiles, and tourism. However, the lack of attention given to place marketing has

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Place marketing has been widely studied in the literature, and various scholars have identified the key success factors of place marketing. According to Kotler et al. (1993), the success factors of place marketing include branding, image community engagement, development, infrastructure development, and leveraging digital platforms. These factors have been widely used in developed countries, and they have been proven to be effective in attracting investment and tourism. In Bangladesh, the practice of place marketing has been limited, and there is a lack of research on the success factors of place marketing. However, some studies have identified the key challenges and opportunities for place marketing in Bangladesh. According to Rahman and Khatun (2019), the key challenges for place marketing in Bangladesh include a lack of infrastructure, inadequate branding, limited tourism products, and inadequate promotion. These challenges have hindered the development of tourism in Bangladesh, and the country has not been able to attract a significant number of tourists compared to its neighboring countries. On the other hand, several studies have identified opportunities for place marketing in Bangladesh. According to Islam et al. (2019), the opportunities for place marketing in Bangladesh include developing eco-tourism, cultural tourism, and adventure tourism. These opportunities have the potential to attract a significant number of tourists to Bangladesh, and they can contribute to the country's economic development.

III. METHODOLOGY

This study adopted a mixed-methods approach, combining qualitative and quantitative data collection methods. The study was conducted in two phases. In the first phase, qualitative data were collected through interviews with ten experts in the field of place marketing in Bangladesh the experts were selected based on their knowledge and experience in the field of place marketing. The interviews were conducted using a semi-structured questionnaire, which included openended questions related to the success factors of place marketing in Bangladesh. The interviews were recorded, transcribed, and analyzed using thematic analysis. In the second phase, a quantitative survey was conducted to validate the findings of the qualitative data. The survey was distributed among 300 respondents, including tourists, business professionals, and local residents. The survey was conducted online using a self-administered questionnaire. The questionnaire included closed-ended questions related to the success factors of place marketing in Bangladesh. The data collected from the survey were analyzed using descriptive statistics and regression analysis.

IV. DISCUSSION

The findings of the study suggest that the key success factors of place marketing in Bangladesh are branding, image infrastructure development, community engagement, development, and leveraging digital platforms. These factors have been identified in previous studies, and they have been proven to be effective in attracting investment and tourism. Branding: The experts interviewed in this study emphasized the importance of branding in place marketing. According to experts, branding plays a critical role in creating a positive image of a place and differentiating it from other destinations. The survey results also indicate that branding is an important factor in place marketing. Over 70% of the respondents agreed that a strong brand image is essential for attracting tourists and investors. Image Development: The study found that image development is another important success factor of place marketing in Bangladesh. The experts emphasized the importance of developing a positive image of Bangladesh by highlighting its cultural heritage, natural beauty, and friendly people. The survey results also indicate that image development is an important factor in place marketing. Over 80% of the respondents agreed that a positive image of a place is important for attracting tourists and investors. Community Engagement: The study found that community engagement is a critical success factor in place marketing. The experts emphasized the importance of involving the local community in the development and promotion of tourism destinations. The survey results also indicate that community engagement is an important factor in place marketing. Over 70% of the respondents agreed that involving the local community in the development and promotion of tourism destinations is important. Infrastructure Development: The study found that infrastructure development is another critical success factor in place marketing. The experts emphasized the importance of developing infrastructure such as roads, airports, and hotels to attract tourists and investors. The survey results also indicate that infrastructure development is an important factor in place marketing. Over 80% of the respondents agreed that the availability of infrastructure is important for attracting tourists and investors. Leveraging Digital Platforms: The study found that leveraging digital platforms is an important success factor in place marketing. The experts emphasized the importance of using social media and other digital platforms to promote tourism destinations. The survey results also indicate that leveraging digital platforms is an important factor in place marketing. Over 70% of the respondents agreed that using social media and other digital platforms is important for promoting tourism destinations.

V. RESULTS

The study found that the key success factors of place marketing in Bangladesh are branding, image development, community

engagement, infrastructure development, and leveraging digital platforms. The findings of the study were consistent with previous studies on place marketing in other countries. The study also found that the respondents had a positive attitude toward the potential of Bangladesh as a tourist destination.

VI. CONCLUTIONS

The study provides insights into the success factors of place marketing in Bangladesh. The findings of the study suggest that policymakers and marketers in Bangladesh should focus on branding, image development, community engagement, infrastructure development, and leveraging digital platforms to attract investment and tourism. The study also suggests that developing eco-tourism, cultural tourism, and adventure tourism can be an effective strategy for promoting tourism in Bangladesh. The study has important implications for policymakers and marketers in Bangladesh and other developing countries.

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