

AI-Based Resume Screening System for Recruitment Automation

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Abstract: The rapid increase in job applications has made traditional resume screening inefficient and time-consuming. Artificial Intelligence (AI) offers innovative solutions to automate recruitment processes and enhance hiring efficiency. This research presents an AI-based resume screening system that automates candidate evaluation using Natural Language Processing (NLP) and Machine Learning (ML) techniques.

The proposed system extracts relevant information such as skills, education, and experience from resumes and compares them with job descriptions to generate similarity scores. This enables recruiters to rank candidates effectively and make data-driven hiring decisions. The results indicate that automated screening significantly reduces recruitment time and improves selection accuracy [1, 6]. Despite its advantages, challenges such as algorithmic bias and lack of explainability remain areas for further improvement [8].

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence, Resume Screening, Natural Language Processing, Machine Learning, Candidate Ranking, Recruitment Automation, Skill Matching.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Recruitment is a fundamental organizational process that plays a crucial role in shaping overall productivity, efficiency, and long-term growth. Selecting the right candidates not only improves workforce quality but also directly impacts business performance and innovation. However, with the rapid expansion of online job portals and digital applications, organizations now receive an overwhelming number of resumes for a single job opening. This surge in applications has made traditional manual screening methods increasingly labor-intensive, time-consuming, and often inconsistent. Recruiters are required to sift through large volumes of resumes, which can lead to fatigue, errors, and even unintentional bias during candidate selection.

In recent years, Artificial Intelligence (AI) has emerged as a transformative solution to address these challenges by automating and optimizing recruitment processes. AI-powered systems are capable of processing large datasets efficiently, enabling faster and more accurate identification of suitable candidates based on job requirements. These systems utilize advanced algorithms to scan resumes, extract relevant information such as skills, qualifications, and experience, and compare them

with predefined job criteria [cite/davenport2018]. A key component of this transformation is Natural Language Processing (NLP), which allows machines to understand and interpret unstructured textual data present in resumes. Unlike traditional keyword-based systems, NLP techniques capture contextual meaning, ensuring more accurate candidate evaluation. Furthermore, Machine Learning (ML) algorithms continuously improve the system's performance by learning from historical hiring data and identifying patterns that contribute to successful candidate selection [cite/bird2009,pedregosa2011].

By integrating AI into recruitment workflows, organizations can significantly reduce manual effort, minimize human bias, and enhance the overall efficiency of the hiring process. Automated systems not only accelerate resume screening but also provide data-driven insights that support better decision-making. As a result, companies can stream-line their recruitment processes, improve candidate matching accuracy, and focus more on strategic aspects of talent acquisition rather than repetitive manual tasks.

➤ *Background of the Study*

The digital transformation of industries has encouraged organizations to adopt automated recruitment systems. AI-driven tools are widely used for resume parsing, candidate ranking, and talent acquisition.

Traditional recruitment systems rely on keyword matching, which often fails to capture contextual meaning. Advanced models such as Word2Vec and BERT address this limitation by understanding semantic relationships between words [3,4].

➤ *Problem Description*

Despite significant advancements in Artificial Intelligence, several challenges continue to affect the efficiency and reliability of recruitment systems. Manual resume screening remains a slow and labor-intensive process, especially when organizations receive a large volume of applications for a single position. This not only delays the hiring process but also increases the chances of overlooking qualified candidates. Additionally, many traditional systems rely heavily on keyword-based filtering, which often fails to capture the contextual meaning of skills and experience, leading to inaccurate or incomplete candidate evaluation. Another critical concern is the presence of bias in decision-making, which can arise from both human judgment and biased training data used in AI models. Furthermore, many AI-driven recruitment systems lack transparency, making it difficult for recruiters to understand how decisions are made or why certain candidates are selected or rejected. These limitations highlight the need for more intelligent, fair, and explainable

AI-based recruitment solutions that can ensure accuracy, efficiency, and trust in the hiring process [cite/kumar2021,singh2022].

II. IMPORTANCE OF THE RESEARCH

This research contributes to the development of more efficient and reliable automated hiring systems by addressing key limitations of traditional recruitment processes. One of the primary advantages of the proposed system is its ability to significantly reduce the workload of recruiters by automating repetitive tasks such as resume screening, thereby saving valuable time and effort. In addition, the system enhances the overall quality of candidate selection by ensuring that applicants are evaluated based on relevant skills, qualifications, and experience rather than subjective judgment. It also provides useful feedback to candidates by highlighting missing or required skills, enabling them to improve their profiles and increase their chances of selection. Furthermore, the integration of data-driven techniques allows organizations to make more informed and consistent hiring decisions based on objective analysis rather than intuition. Overall, AI-based recruitment tools improve efficiency, promote fairness, and ensure consistency in hiring practices while supporting modern organizational needs [cite/linkedin2020, mckinsey2023].

III. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

Figure 1 illustrates the architecture of the proposed system.

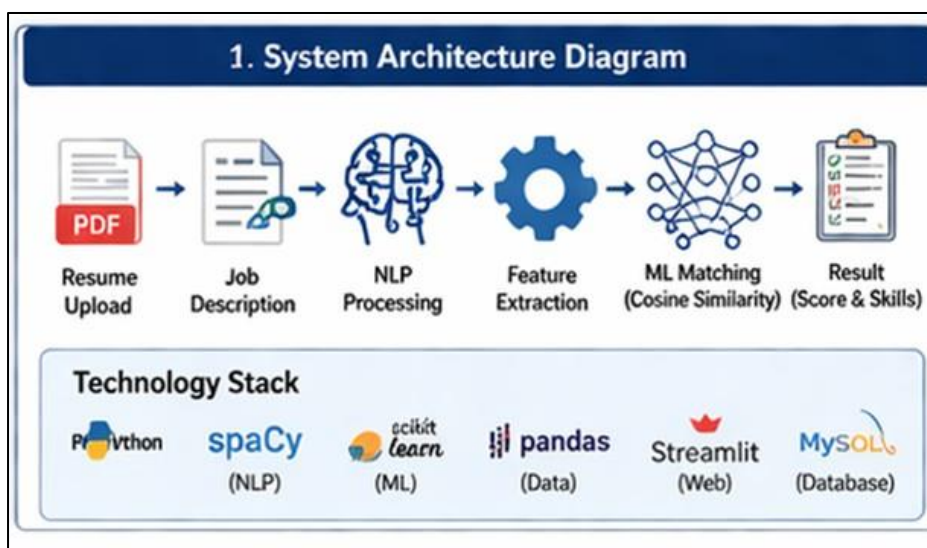


Fig 1: System Architecture of Resume Screening System

IV. METHODOLOGY

The proposed system follows a structured and systematic pipeline to automate the resume screening process efficiently. It begins with the upload of resumes in PDF format, after which the system performs text extraction to retrieve relevant content from the documents. The extracted text is then subjected to data cleaning and

preprocessing steps, such as removing stop words, punctuation, and irrelevant information, to ensure that only meaningful data is retained for analysis. Following this, feature extraction is carried out using techniques like TF-IDF, which convert textual information into numerical representations by identifying the importance of terms within the document. These features are then compared with the job description using cosine similarity, a machine

learning approach that measures the degree of similarity between two text vectors. Based on the calculated similarity scores, candidates are ranked according to their relevance and suitability for the given job role. TF-IDF and other NLP techniques play a crucial role in extracting meaningful insights from unstructured text data

\cite{bird2009}, while machine learning methods such as cosine similarity enable accurate evaluation and comparison of candidate profiles \cite{pedregosa2011}.

➤ *Tools Used*

Table 1: Tools and Technologies Used

Category	Tool	Purpose
Programming Language	Python	Development
NLP Library	spaCy / NLTK	Text Processing
Data Handling	Pandas	Data Manipulation
Machine Learning	Scikit-learn	Similarity Calculation
Feature Extraction	TF-IDF	Text Vectorization
PDF Processing	PyPDF2	Resume Parsing
Frontend	Streamlit	User Interface
Database	SQLite / MySQL	Data Storage
Visualization	Matplotlib	Performance Graphs
IDE	VS Code	Development
Version Control	GitHub	Code Management

➤ *Working Flowchart*

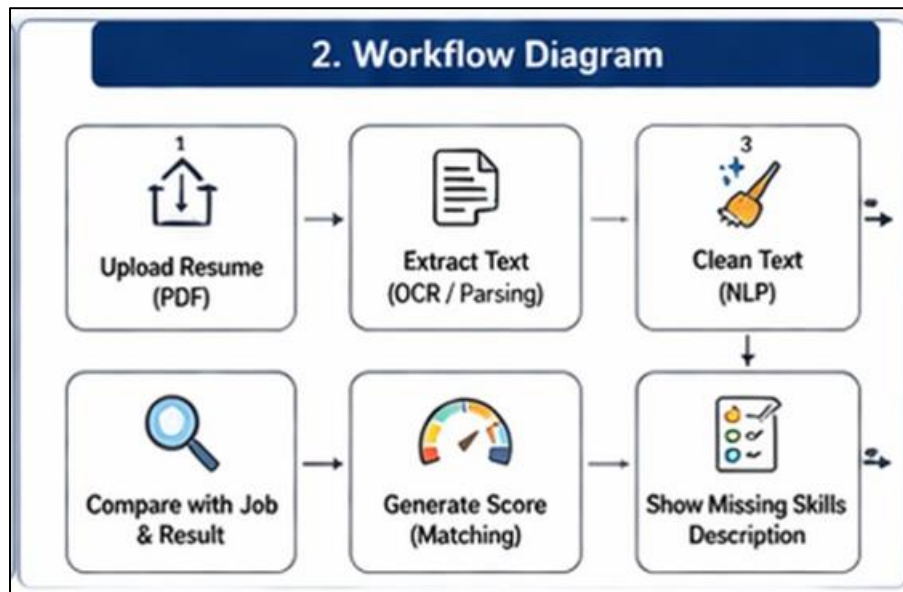


Fig 2: Flowchart of Resume Screening Process

V. LITERATURE REVIEW

Several researchers have explored AI-based recruitment systems. Kumar and Sharma highlighted the benefits of automation in hiring [6]. Gweon et al. developed an NLP-based resume screening system [7]. Mikolov et al. introduced Word2Vec [4], while Devlin et al. proposed BERT for contextual understanding [3].

➤ *Research Gap*

Despite significant progress in AI-based recruitment systems, several limitations still need to be addressed to achieve more robust and reliable performance. One of the major challenges is the lack of explainable AI, where the

decision-making process of the system is not fully transparent, making it difficult for recruiters to understand or trust the results. Additionally, many systems rely on limited or domain-specific datasets, which can affect the generalization and accuracy of the model when applied to diverse real-world scenarios. Another important issue is the difficulty in handling varied resume formats, as resumes can differ significantly in structure, layout, and content, making consistent information extraction challenging. Furthermore, the absence of fully integrated real-time automated solutions limits the ability of organizations to process and evaluate candidates instantly. Addressing these challenges is essential for developing more efficient, scalable, and trustworthy AI-driven recruitment

systems that can meet the evolving demands of modern hiring processes [cite/saha2021].

VI. RESULTS AND FINDINGS

The proposed system demonstrates significantly improved performance compared to traditional manual resume screening methods. By automating the evaluation process, it enables much faster resume processing, allowing recruiters to handle large volumes of applications in a shorter time. In addition, the system improves matching accuracy by analyzing candidate profiles based on relevant skills, qualifications, and experience rather than relying on subjective judgment. It also identifies missing or required skills in candidate resumes, providing valuable insights for both recruiters and applicants. Furthermore, the system ensures efficient candidate ranking by assigning similarity scores, which helps in selecting the most suitable candidates in a structured and consistent manner. These results highlight the effectiveness of AI-driven recruitment systems in enhancing both efficiency and accuracy in the hiring process [cite/zhang2020].

VII. CONCLUSION

The AI-Based Resume Screening System enhances recruitment by automating resume analysis using NLP and Machine Learning. It reduces manual effort, improves accuracy, and supports data-driven hiring decisions.

VIII. FUTURE SCOPE

Future enhancements of the proposed system can further improve its effectiveness and adaptability in real-world recruitment scenarios. One important direction is the incorporation of explainable AI techniques to ensure transparency in decision-making, allowing recruiters to understand how and why specific candidates are selected or rejected. Additionally, integrating the system with popular job portals such as LinkedIn and Naukri can enable seamless data flow and real-time candidate analysis. Expanding the system to support multilingual resume analysis would make it more inclusive and applicable across diverse regions and industries. Furthermore, the adoption of deep learning-based screening models can enhance the system's ability to capture complex patterns and improve prediction accuracy. These advancements will significantly strengthen AI-driven recruitment systems by making them more intelligent, scalable, and user-friendly [cite/mckinsey2023].

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