

Knowledge, Perspective and Intention towards Nursing Profession among Nursing Students

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Abstract:- Nursing education may be a challenge in a very developing country like Bharat. This cross sectional study assessed the attitudes and perceptions of nursing professionals and their desired future practices. The study was conducted employing a changed version of Beliefs, Attitudes and Perceived apply form among 129 students United Nations agency were undergoing collegian nursing programme at a particular faculty of nursing in Bangalore. information was analysed and taken by victimisation descriptive and inferential statistics. cardinal (34.1%) of the themes in agreement that they were registered of their own interest; forty three (33.3%) of them reportable that they registered in nursing out of their own interest and additionally to enhance their money things. Only 4 (3.1%) declared that they need to safeguard the rights and dignity of the patients. 45 (34.9%) of the themes indicated that the nurse-patient relationship ought to be each skilled and a relation of sympathy. Upon graduation sixty nine (53.5%) of the themes most well-liked to pursue the nursing career, 36 (27.9%) in lecturers, 12 (9.30%) wished to alter the profession. Nearly sixty three (48.8%) of the themes in agreement that social prejudice features a nice influence on nursing students in selecting nursing profession as their career. associate degree imperative want is seen within the space of training nursing students concerning patient's rights. there's additionally a requirement to enhance the image of nurses within the society to draw in a lot of range of scholars into this noble profession. guidance and introduction to nursing course ought to be introduced by all the colleges, to develop positive attitudes towards nursing profession.

I. INTRODUCTION

Nursing could be a noble profession that needs the whole commitment of a nurse to supply comprehensive care to the suffering humanity. the fundamental thought continues to be remotely identical however the data needed has become larger with the advancing science and technology. perspective of Nursing Students are often viewed as either positive or negative. However, among the fundamental division of positive and negative, it are often argued that even the positive attitudes towards nursing, might have negative connotations. we tend to might read positive attitudes as; nurse and therefore the nursing as extremely sure-handed, that involves a caring and nurturing perspective towards others. However, as we tend to all understand, nurses area unit usually mentioned as “angels” or “martyrs” WHO have a dedication to a cause and this

dedication is viewed as enough reward for endeavor the task.

Informal verbal reports of attitudes of nursing degree students over 2 years instructed a growing trend of lack of motivation in following a career in nursing upon qualification. In an endeavor to find the explanations for this atiny low qualitative study was undertaken. Fourteen college man nursing students from years three and four from a BSc Nursing Sciences (Hons) program were sampled employing a volunteer sampling technique. The curriculum is one among 2 pre-registration programs, the opposite being the credential course. Audio-taping was accustomed record the responses of scholars in 2 focus teams convened for the aim of this study. 3 main themes: ward culture; mentors; and learning from the negative mirror the students' accounts of the influence of their clinical experiences on their motivation for a nursing career. Students indicated that their interest in nursing as a career was directly tormented by their observations of trained nurses and therefore the nurses' attitudes toward them as students.

Nurses viewed because the heart of the attention system. They comprise the most important share of labour force in any attention settings worldwide. In Asian nation, there's associate increasing involvement of men and girls within the attention hands these days. this is often supported by the expansion of colleges giving nursing education that prepares the Saudi men and girls to become the country's primary and leading suppliers of care.

The Ministry of Health allowed Saudi ladies to review within the nursing programme on condition that they continue to be lined, offer care to feminine patients solely and not work with male physicians or maybe work afternoon or night shifts. but, attributable to non secular and socio-cultural norms, Saudi females and even males WHO opt for nursing as a career face several negative criticisms and difficulties.

The nursing profession is taken into account by the Saudi society with poor image because it is taken into account as employment for those with low standing within the society. moreover, men would be discouraged to contemplate nursing as a career after they see a male nurse being excited within the community. A study conducted in Asian nation known several reasons behind feminine students' alternative in not selecting nursing as a career. These reasons embrace negative image of nursing career, family disagreement, long operating hours, operating with

members of the other gender, and therefore the worry of not obtaining married. The negative pictures and stereotypes concerning nurses in Asian nation antecedently mirrored similar things in countries like Australia, Europe and America and in alternative Arab countries that have light-emitting diode to and created shortage of nurses a worldwide drawback.

There is a chronic shortage of Saudi nurses and high turnover rates in Asian nation. a probe study found that the majority nurses perceived continuous education and advanced coaching as necessary components of their motivation, satisfaction and retention within the hospital. The frustration, disappointment and regret among nurses thanks to inflated work, low pay, and lack of economic incentives, recognition and appreciation sadly influenced their work satisfaction and retention. thanks to the consequences of negative attitudes on nursing education, addressing the problem is vital in breakdown the nursing shortage. Despite the growing variety of instructional establishments that supply nursing programme in Asian nation, there's still associate inadequate provider of nursing graduates to satisfy the increasing demand for nurses required to produce patient care in Saudi localities. Expatriate nurses comprised an oversized portion of the nursing hands in Saudi attention facilities. moreover, the shortage of nurses are often related to a shortage of nursing students in colleges.

Nursing education is one space that received tidy investment in response to a rise within the demand for nurses in Asian nation. In 1958, the primary formal coaching for nurses was initiated at a Health Institute in national capital by the Arabian Ministry of Health together with the globe Health Organisation. Since then, nursing education in Asian nation has responded to many alternative phases. the primary Bachelor of Science in Nursing programme was established by the school of Nursing at King Saud University in 1976.

As nursing educators for many years, the researchers have associate nascent concern over the decreasing variety of scholars showing interest to affix the nursing programme. In their review of literature, many similar studies are conducted in Asian nation, particularly to high school students however very little is thought concerning diagnosis students. Moreover, thanks to the low interest in nursing as a career and absence of Saudi nurses, researchers completed the requirement to conduct a study that aims to additional investigate the information, perspective and intention towards nursing profession among pre-clinical students of a specific school in national capital. Findings of this study can serve helpful inputs in rising awareness and increasing achievement to the nursing profession.

➤ *The major queries this analysis seeks to answer are*

- What is the extent of information of scholars concerning nursing and its relationship to their intention to review nursing and become a nurse?
- Does perspective towards nursing profession among the scholars influence their intention to become nurses?

- To what extent will the causes of preventing students from turning into a nurse have an effect on their intention towards nursing as a career?
- What ways is also planned on the idea of the findings of the study which can facilitate improve the image of nursing and encourage additional students to indicate interest to the nursing profession?

➤ *Objectives Of The Study*

- To explore nursing students attitudes and perceptions of nursing apply and their socio-demographic characteristics.
- To seek out out their expected future practices.
- To understand the attitude towards nursing
- To understand the student mentality towards nursing profession

II. METHODS

The cross-sectional survey was done to the entire population of 129 undergrad nursing students at chosen faculty of Nursing, Bangalore. The researchers used the changed version Beliefs, Attitudes and Perceived observe form. This was developed by Manal jrasat et al (2003) to assess the Beliefs, Attitudes and Perceived observe among fresh registered Students at the Jordanian Ministry of Health Nursing faculties and Institutes, Jordan. This form was changed to adapt the Indian context. This form was composed of thirty three queries, including demographic data and attitudinal queries. The initial pilot take a look at was done by the researchers on thirteen (10%) of the students and found that the content of the instrument was up to meet the objectives. SPSS (13th version) was used for applied math analysis of the information. The authors of the study obtained permission from the involved authorities. All the scholars received a proof regarding the study before introduction of the form and solely people who united to participate enclosed. Student's names weren't sought-after within the questionnaires and their confidentiality was revered.

III. FINDINGS

Demographic Characteristics of the Study Population of the 129 students UN agency responded, 119(92.2%) were females and 10(7.8%) were males. All the topics were mateless and aged between 18- twenty three years. Majority of the study population came from higher middle financial gain cluster. 104(80%) of the topics were from urban and semi urban. the topics indicated a somewhat larger preference for ultimately operating during a hospital sixty four (49.6%) or body setting twenty nine (22.5%) than in associate Emergency area and others including as nursing educators and researchers. Majority 102 (79%) of the topics explicit that there is no distinction among males and females to require nursing as their career. 44(34.1%) of the topics united that they registered in nursing out of their own interest, 43(33.3%) of the topics joined in nursing owing to their own interest and to enhance their monetary things. Only 4(3.1%) explicit that they need to defend the rights and dignity of the patients within the hospital. 45(34.9%) of the topics felt that the nurse patient relationship ought to be each skilled and a relation of sympathy. during a scenario

wherever a patient abuses a nurse, majority 74(57.4%) of the topics responded that nurse should approach the nurse answerable to require acceptable action. 26(20.2%) expressed that they ought to be tolerant and forget regarding it. Upon graduation 69(53.5%) of the topics would like to pursue the nursing career, 36(27.9%) of them wish to figure in teachers, 12(9.3%) of them wished to alter the profession. 63 (48.8%) of the topics united that social prejudice contains a nice influence on nursing students in selecting nursing profession as their career. 38 (29.5%) of the topics united to the statement that "Given a second alternative, i might not opt for the nursing profession". Discussion: this is often a primary distinctive study in Republic of India to assess the challenges of nursing students.

However, this study is cross sectional in nature. Majority i.e 64 (49.6%) of the scholars most popular to figure in hospital and 29(22.5%) of the subjects desired to work as nurse directors. These results were virtually like the study done by Manal Jrasat et al (2003). The info of BSc nursing includes administration, however the clinical exposure to affect sensible issues weren't enough to fulfill problems and challenges of student nurses in providing quality of care. This issue has to be self-addressed within the review of info in future.

102(79%) of the topics felt that there was no gender distinction in active nursing as their career, only 10(7.8%) of the topics were males and 119(92.2%) were females. This clearly demonstrates that nursing is feminine dominated profession. These results were so much with the study done by Ozdemir et al (2008). Nursing profession ought to be provided the simplest candidates with none gender segregation for higher nursing care. Nursing colleges, media and skilled journals ought to emphasize nurses role and portray positive image of nursing profession yet as males in nursing. Only 44(34.1%) of the topics registered in nursing out of their own interest, 15(11.6%) of them owing to their parental would like, and 43(33.3%) of them registered in nursing to enhance their monetary scenario as well like their own interest.

These results were congruent with the studies worn out different countries. (Manal Jrasat et al 2003, Law & Arthur, 2003). Contrary to the study conducted in North American nation (Williams et al 1997), only 2(1.6%) of the students selected nursing owing to job security, and got chance to check in government establishment. Only 4(3.1%) of the topics explicit they need to shield the rights and dignity of the patients. Hence, info ought to embrace Human rights problems and conjointly education of rights of the patients. Nursing professionals area unit the one UN agency will defend and promote the human rights of the patients and that they may also forestall violation of human rights. the bulk seventy four (57.4%) of the topics aware that the nurse patient relationship ought to be skilled and the results were comparable to the sooner study in Cincinnati (Kelly, 1993). 45(34.9%) Of the scholars felt that the nurse patient relationship ought to be each skilled and a relation of sympathy. Nurse educators ought to create clear regarding the variations between

sympathy and sympathy, ought to instruct the scholars that they ought to understand the patients in their therapeutic relationship. To matters wherever nurses role once being abused by patient,

74(57.4%) of the subjects felt that the nurse in charge has to take acceptable action and 26(20.2%) of them felt they ought to be tolerant and ditch it. These findings indicate that sure ways to be developed to facilitate the student nurses to deal with these things. 36(27.9%) of the topics desired to figure in teachers and 12(9.3%) of them wished to alter the profession. 63 (48.8%) of the scholars felt that social prejudice has an excellent influence on nursing students in selecting nursing profession as their career. 37(28.7%) of the topics united and part united to the statement that "Given a second alternative, i might not opt for the nursing profession". Findings from the study (Anna Maria Bosco et al 2003) suggests, that by persuading the media to gift a a lot of realistic and balanced portrayal of nursing might be a primary positive influence for the profession and by providing a lot of data to colleges and presenting talks at colleges by role models UN agency mirror the range and quality of the nurses' world. Attention to these 2 factors might assist the nursing profession to attract and retain future nursing students and qualified nurses, therefore making certain adequate provision of acceptable health care during a wide selection of settings. during a study conducted by Essie Dee Scott Cockrell (2002) indicated that pre nursing students area unit unclear regarding the nursing as a profession. Majority of scholars area unit willing to enroll in associate Introduction to nursing course though for no tutorial credit was given. Sureyya karaoz (2004) found that Introduction to nursing course had a positive result on students' understanding of nursing as a profession. These forms of practices want to be enclosed within the Indian situation to enhance the social prejudice of the noble nursing professions. Conclusion: Nursing education plays a very important role in forming nursing student's perceptions of the profession. Nursing skilled standing has to be improved by educating the community. Pre nursing counseling and introduction to nursing course ought to be introduced by all the colleges, to develop positive attitudes towards nursing profession. Human rights education ought to be enclosed in curriculum and job opportunities with higher payment might facilitate to draw in the younger generation to settle on nursing as their career.

IV. CONCLUSION

Demographic Characteristics of the Study Population of the 129 students UN agency responded, 119(92.2%) were females and 10(7.8%) were males. All the topics were mateless and aged between 18- twenty three years. Majority of the study population came from higher middle financial gain cluster. 104(80%) of the topics were from urban and semi urban. the topics indicated a somewhat larger preference for ultimately operating during a hospital sixty four (49.6%) or body setting twenty nine (22.5%) than in associate Emergency area and others including as nursing

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